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The purpose of this infrast	ructure project is to develop a	large database of digiti	ized mammogi	ams that will be			
distributed free of charge to researchers working in all aspects of digital mammography. This database will							
facilitate and promote rapi	d development in digital mam	mography research. The	he database wi	Il consist of			
1000 cases subdivided into 5 categories, 4 containing different breast lesions masses, microcalcifications.							
architectural distortions, as	architectural distortions, asymmetric densities (both benign and malignant) and one containing normal						
mammograms. The mammograms will be collected and digitized (0.05-mm pixel size) at two sites: the							
Universities of Chicago an	nd North Carolina. The databa	se will be stored at the	two sites and	vill be available			
over internet, and by mail on CD, tape, and magneto-optical disks. To date 630 cases have been digitized.							
Each case consists of inde	x and previous exams (each ha	ving four standard view	ws) and up to t	wo special-view			
mammograms (e.g., magnification views). The computer systems for the database have been assembled and							
are connected to the network. The first release of 50 cases with clustered microcalcifications will be made							
shortly after true location of the cluster is determined. This release will be followed by another 50 cases of							
microcalcifications and 100 cases with masses. Along with the images, instructions on how to use the							
database will also be distributed. This includes an objective scoring method that we are developing based on							
input from radiologists'.	•						
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### 4. INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this project is to develop a database of digital mammograms that can be used by researchers who (1) are trying to determine the image quality requirements of detectors for digital mammography; (2) are developing image processing techniques to optimize the displayed digital mammogram; (3) are developing computerized methods for analyzing mammograms; (4) are studying the effects of image compression methods on image quality; (5) are developing methods for remote transmission of mammograms; and (6) are studying the relationship between image quality and diagnostic accuracy. This database also could be used as a resource for teaching radiology residents and for testing the performance levels of mammographers.

The specific aims of this proposal are:

- 1. Collect and digitize 200 cases in each of 5 different categories, mammograms exhibiting: (i) clustered microcalcifications, (ii) masses, (iii) architectural distortions, (iv) asymmetric densities, and (v) no lesions (i.e. normals).
- 2. Make these cases available to other researchers either over computer network (Internet) or by sending images on computer tape or CD. The database will be distributed as widely as possible so that comparisons of different computerized analysis techniques can be standardized.

## **5. BODY**

This research is being funded as an infrastructure award and as such, it does not represent a research project per se. That is, there is no hypothesis that we are trying to prove. Therefore, this report is structured slightly different from a normal scientific research report -- heavy on the method and light on actual results. In this project, the procedure is the most important component, which is applied continuously in a straightforward manner to achieve the goal of creating the database of mammograms.

## Task 1: Collect and digitize mammograms, (See Figure 1.)

We now have 630 cases digitized (see Table I, at the end of the report). Most of these cases still need to the truth marked accurately. Currently, because of the high volume of clinical work in the radiology department, it has been difficult to get a radiologist to mark the truth. Two research-oriented radiologists (Drs. Robert Schmidt and Gillian Newstead) have been hired and will start next year. We are currently in negotiations with Dr. Newstead to acquire at least 300 cancer cases for our database. We also have an additional 32 normal cases identified. With these images, we should reach our goal of 1000 cases.

It is important that this database be used in such a way so as comparisons between different algorithms can be made. This is the main motivation for creating such a database. To allow for valid comparisons to be made, two things are needed: (i) the exact same cases need to be used to measure performance, and (ii) the same criteria for scoring the results need to be used. To this end, we have divided the database into testing and training cases. Furthermore, we are

preparing recommendations for scoring the results based on some preliminary results in our lab. [1] This information will be released with the database. No other database offers such instructions for its use and thus comparisons of different techniques are still difficult to do. We are in the process of specifying an objective scoring method based on radiologists' input. Once we have the scoring method developed and truth marked, we will be begin to distribute the database widely. The study is underway. Preliminary results are inconclusive at this stage.

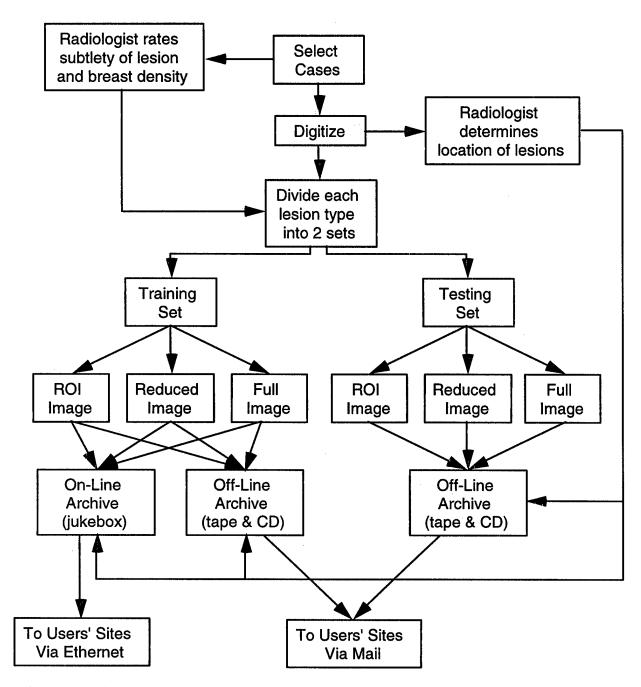


Figure 1. A flowchart of the steps required to collect, digitize, archive, and distribute the mammographic database. The 'Full Image' is the whole digitized mammogram at full resolution. The 'Reduced Image' is a minified version (reduced resolution) of the full image. The 'ROI Image' is a portion of the full image at full resolution.

## Task 2: Establish protocol for transmitting database

We originally considered the ACR/NEMA (DICOM) image format for our database. However, when we began our work, the ACR/NEMA format did not have a module for mammography, and it would have been an extensive project to develop one at that time. Recently a digital mammography module has been approved. We have at this time decided not to use the DICOM format, since many users of our database may not have a DICOM reader.

### Task 3: Maintain database and distribute cases

Maintenance of the database and distribution of the database are at a minimum currently. These tasks will become important shortly as cases go "on-line". Cases are being archived on 4-mm tape and DVD.

#### **6. KEY RESEARCH ACCOMPLISHMENTS**

• Collection of 630 mammographic cases

#### 7. REPORTABLE OUTCOMES

Presentations and Manuscripts:

- 1. Nishikawa RM, Wolverton DE, Schmidt RE, Johnson RE, Pisano, ED, Hemminger BM: A common database of mammograms for research in digital mammography. U.S. Army Medical Research and Materiel Command Breast Cancer Research Program: An Era of Hope, November, 1997, Washington, DC.
- 2. Nishikawa RM, Wolverton DE, Schmidt RA, Pisano ED, Hemminger BM, Moody J: A common database of mammograms for research in digital mammography. In: Doi K, Giger ML, Nishikawa RM, and Schmidt RA (eds.), <u>Digital Mammography '96</u>. (Amsterdam: Elsevier Science) 435-438, 1996.
- 3. Nishikawa RM: Mammographic databases. <u>Breast Disease</u> 10 137-150, 1998.

#### 8. CONCLUSIONS

The development of a common database of mammograms for digital mammography research is underway. We are currently establishing an objective scoring method based on radiologists' input. We will distribute cases and the scoring method in order to insure that meaningful comparisons between different techniques can be made. Such comparisons are currently not possible or are problematic with any existing database.

#### 9. REFERENCES

1. Nishikawa RM, Yarusso LM: Variations in measured performance of CAD schemes due to database composition and scoring protocol. <a href="Proc. SPIE">Proc. SPIE</a> 3338: 840-844, 1998.

Table I. Breakdown of cases in the database as of October 1/01.

Type of Lesion	Pathology	# of Cases
Mass	Malignant	116
Mass	Benign	75
Microcalcifications	Malignant	115
Microcalcifications	Benign	87
Asymmetric Density	Malignant	30
Asymmetric Density	Benign	4
Architectural Distortion	Malignant	32
Architectural Distortion	Benign	3
Normal		168
Total		630